

# Workshop B How to introduce a new curriculum

John Anderton HoS Medicine Nadeem Khwaja HoS Surgery

> Wed 18/5/22 Crewe Hall

# Session Plan

- Welcome and Introductions
- Overview: GMC, Shape of training
- The Surgeons' approach
- The Physicians' approach
- Group work (I) What is the ideal approach?
- Group work (II) How do we overcome obstacles to implementation?
- Summary and close

# New curriculum - introduction

Nadeem Khwaja Consultant plastic surgeon, MFT HoS Surgery QA lead JCST

HEENW Spring Educators Conference Workshop 18/5/22



# Securing the future of excellent patient care

Final report of the Independent review Led by Professor David Greenaway



### **Excellence by design**:

standards for postgraduate curricula

Working with doctors Working for patients

General Medical Council

# GMC – Excellence by design (May 2017) Key requirements

Apply to four nations in UK

Allow flexibility

**Education AND service** 

Commonality Generic professional capabilities – common to all doctors Improve flexibility

### **General Medical Council**

# Principles

Patient safety Outcomes based Maintaining standards across UK Encouraging excellence Embedding fairness Current & future workforce & service needs

Competency vs time

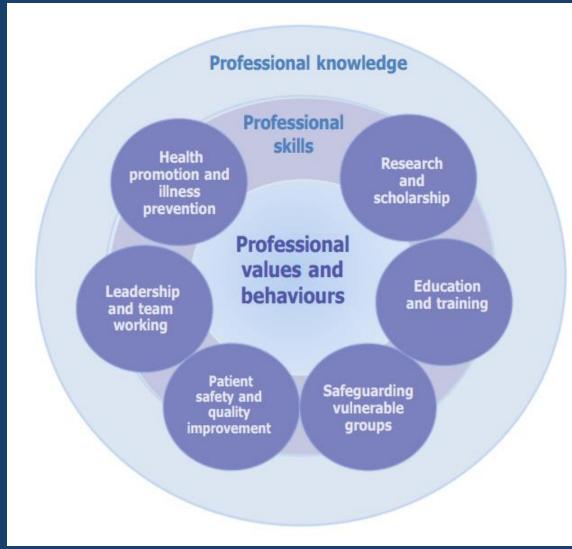
## Assessments

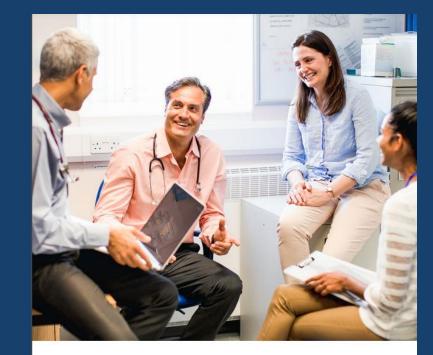
Time based Granular assessments

Competency based Outcomes based Day 1 consultant



## **Generic Professional Capabilities**





# Generic professional capabilities framework

Working with doctors Working for patients

# Capabilities in Practice – High level outcomes



Outcomes based curriculum and capabilities in practice



## Who does what?

GMC – the regulator (65 specialty curricula, 31 sub specialties)

Royal Colleges (SACs) – write the curriculum

Trusts/ SEBs – delivering the curriculum



# A new surgical curriculum

Nadeem Khwaja

18/5/22





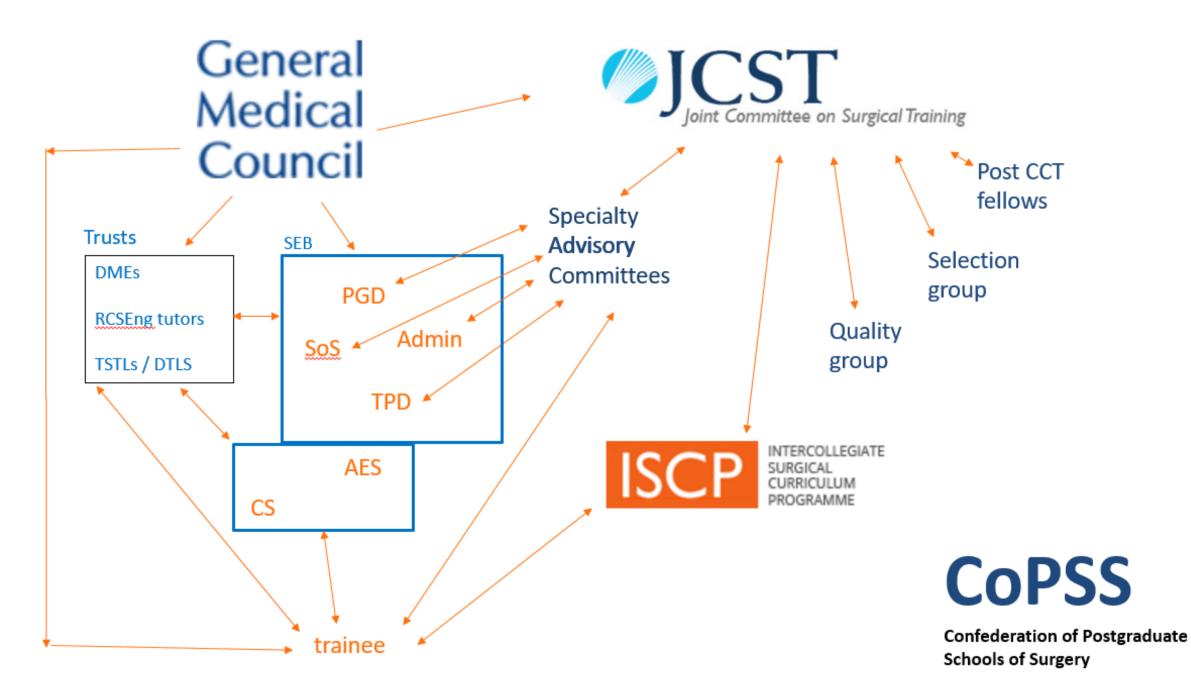
ROYAL COLLEGE OF Physicians and Surgeons of glasgow







General Medical Council



# Introduction of Surgical curriculum

10 surgical specialties and Core (consistency)

Timescale

Due Aug 2020 Delayed to Aug 2021

Transition

ALL trainees to transition EXCEPT final year trainees

# Key changes

Training arranged into 3 phases

GPCs - 9 (what will be acceptable for CCT?) CiPs – some specialty specific

Index procedures/critical conditions

MCR – multi consultant report

Competency based, not time (?)







#### The GPC framework has nine domains

- Domain 1: Professional values and behaviours
- Domain 2: Professional skills
- Domain 3: Professional knowledge
- Domain 4: Capabilities in health promotion and illness prevention
- Domain 5: Capabilities in leadership and team working
- Domain 6: Capabilities in patient safety and quality improvement
- Domain 7: Capabilities in safeguarding vulnerable groups
- Domain 8: Capabilities in education and training
- Domain 9: Capabilities in research and scholarship





### Shared Capabilities in Practice (CiPs)

- 1. Manages an out-patient clinic
- 2. Manages the unselected emergency take
- Manages ward rounds and the on-going care of inpatients
- 4. Manages the operating list
- 5. Manage multi-disciplinary team working





#### **Specialty Specific CiPs**

#### Cardiothoracic

- Manages patients within the critical care area
- Assesses surgical outcomes both at a personal and unit level

#### **Paediatrics**

 Assesses and manages infant or child in a NICU/PICU environment

#### Plastics

 Safely assimilates new technologies and advancing techniques in the field of Plastic Surgery into practice





### The training pathway

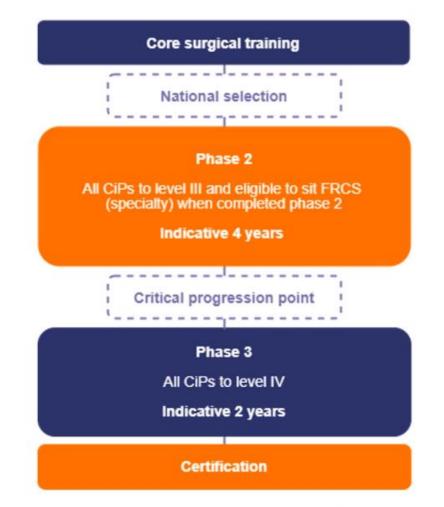
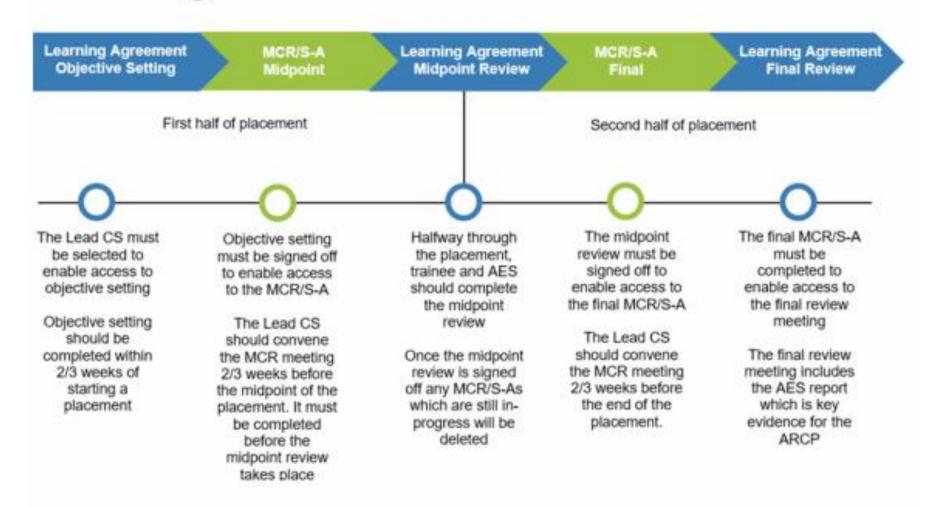


Figure 1: typical phases of a surgical training pathway. Please consult your own specialty curriculum for specific details.

# Progression of activity Learning Agreement and MCR S-A



# Multi Consultant Report

Trainer led (lead CS)

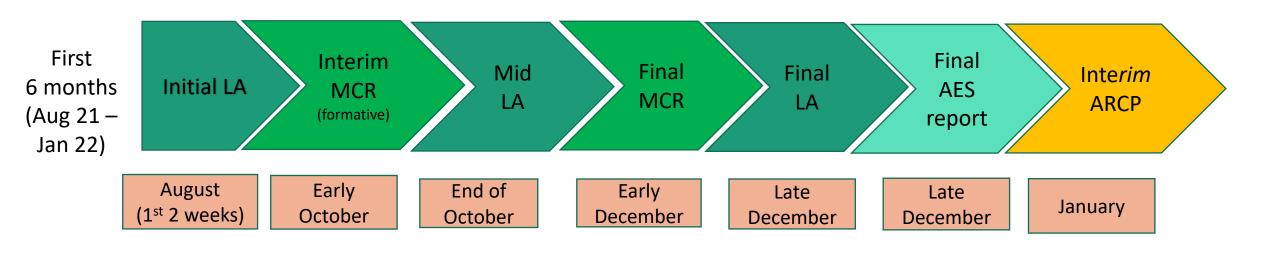
Ideally – CSs need to have a conversation - together(!)

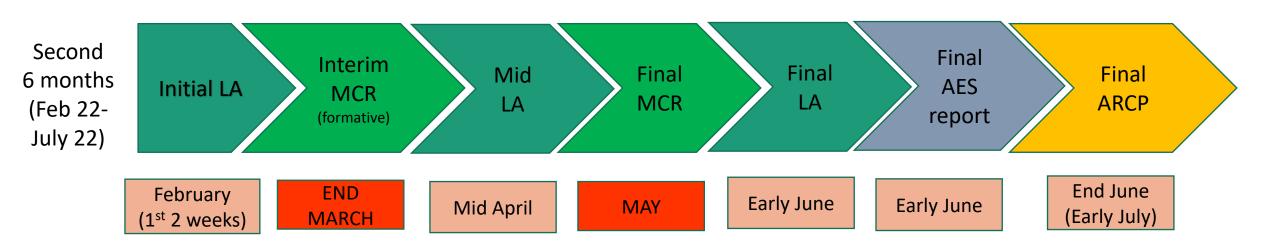
2 week lock out period before can be released to AES

Do not allocate too many named CSs Time is VERY tight

Adapted with permission from Euan Green, TPD urology East)

#### **AUGUST Starter**











#### \* Final LA review completed

Final LA review not completed

# Key challenges

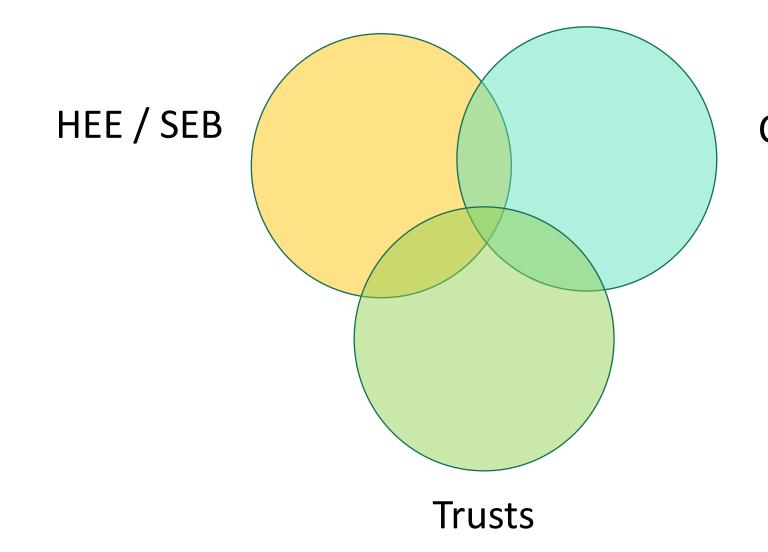
Effecting change – could it have been better?

Disseminating information – Webinars, Youtube videos, SAC sessions

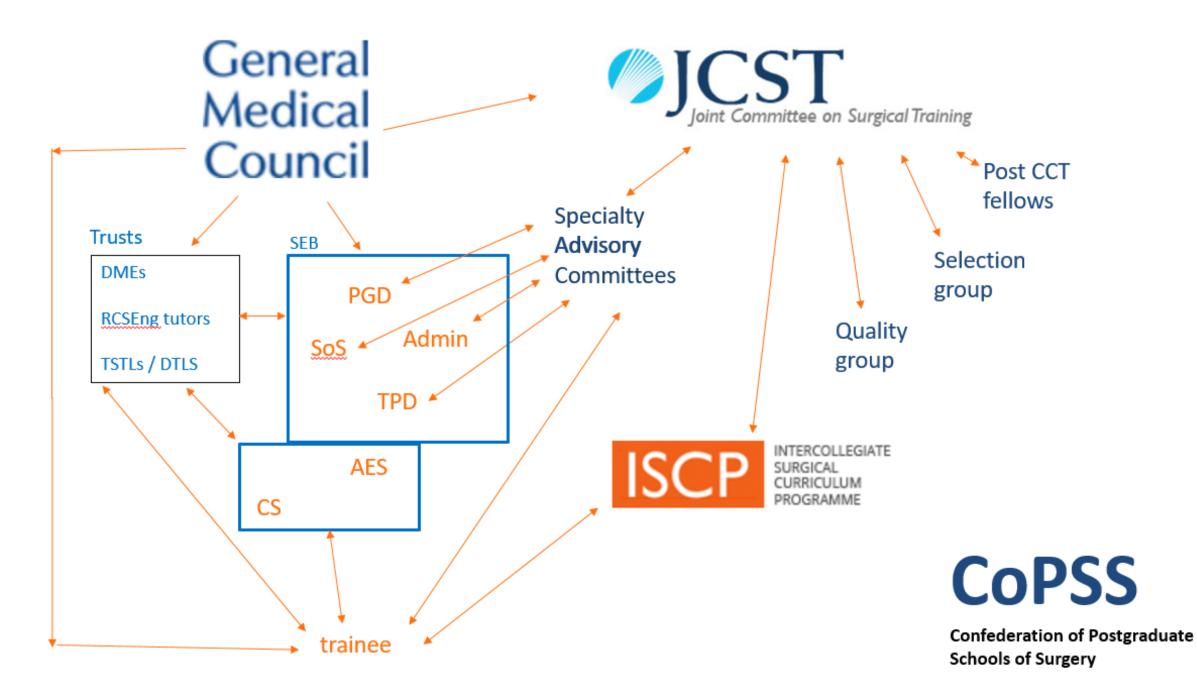
Need 4 MCRs/ 12 months

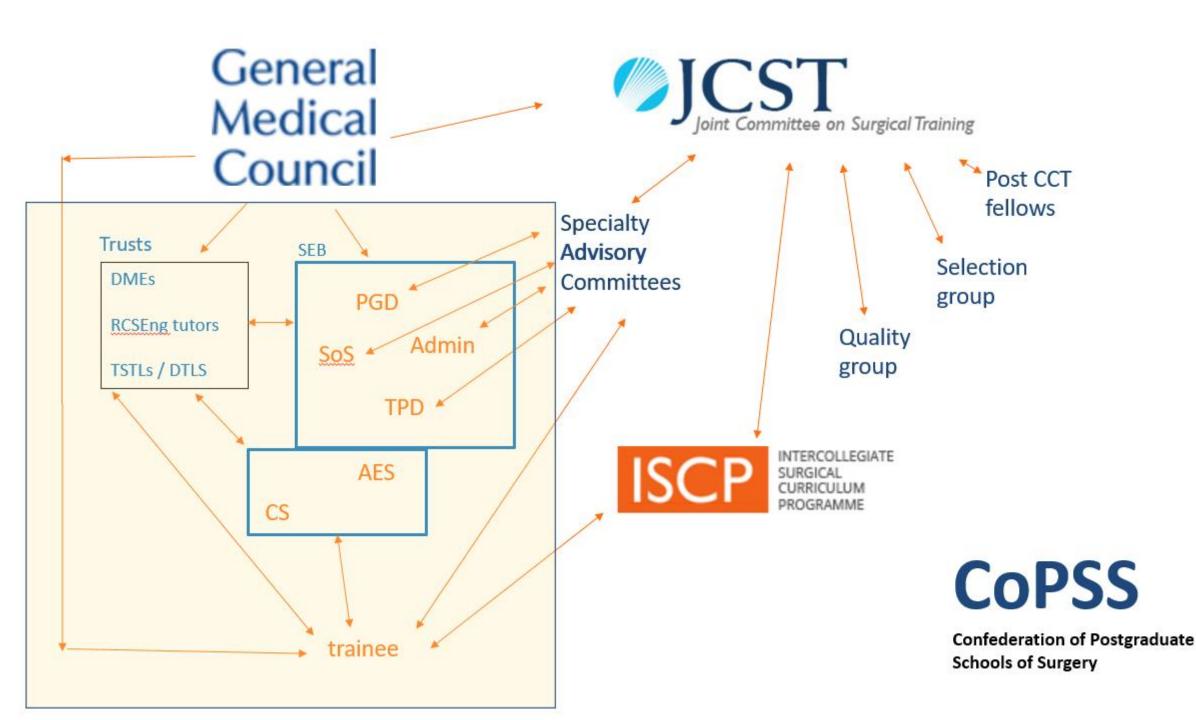
Logistics of MCR – LINKED to final AES report – problem for ARCP

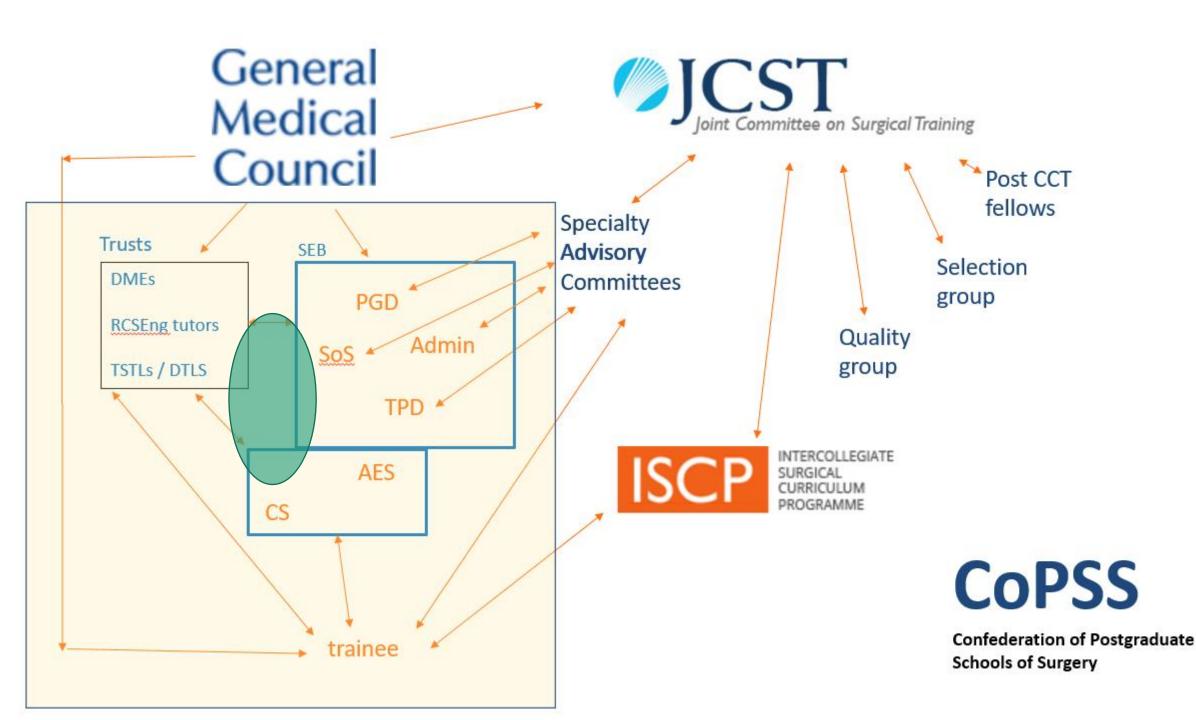
# Whose responsibility?



Colleges / SACs







# 9 months in – where are we?

#### BENEFITS

ISSUES

Assesses non technical skills – GPCs

Clearer outline of day one consultant competencies – CiPs

More global assessments

MCR allows a number of consultant trainers to feed into assessments

Formative and summative MCRs

?Too many assessments

Trainee / trainer understanding

Trainer time (to complete MCRs)

AES report linked to MCR

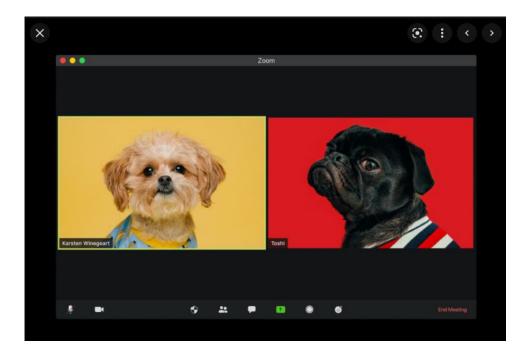
**Trainees attending ARCPs without AES reports** (revalidation issue?)

# What did we do in NW?

Lots of communication

TPDs

RCSEng tutors AESs/CSs (~350 attendees) Trainees



Still issue with upcoming ARCPs – No AES report = No outcome 1?

# Solutions??

Decouple MCR from AES report – will reduce MCRs done

Have a 12 month placement instead of 2 x 6months – less assessment points

Reduce number of MCRs needed (eg 1 or 2 per year)



# Group discussions

- Group work (I) What is the ideal approach?
- Group work (II) How do we overcome obstacles to implementation?